

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV (A Joint Powers Authority)

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information with Independent Auditors' Report

> For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV (A JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the California Statewide Automated Welfare System Consortium IV Rancho Cordova, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the California Statewide Automated Welfare System Consortium IV (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprises the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Authority as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2013 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* for the Authority that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this omitted information.

Varrinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California March 22, 2013

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV (A Joint Powers Authority) Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Go	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash in County of San Bernardino Treasurer's Pool Due From Other Governments	\$	1,690,020
State of California		5,894,981
Member Counties		3,878,315
Prepaid Items		36,001
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		99,444,126
Total Assets		110,943,443
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		7,122,826
Due To Other Governments		
State of California		2,778,356
County of San Bernardino		17,743
Member Counties		998,655
Matured Leases and Interest Payable		280,874
Unearned Revenue		36,001
Non-current Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		
Capital Leases		2,939,203
Due In More Than One Year		
Capital Leases		4,043,796
State of California		264,862
Total Liabilities		18,482,316
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		92,461,127
Total Net Assets	\$	92,461,127

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV (A Joint Powers Authority) Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

				PROGRAM REVENUES	•	(PENSE)/REVENUE NGES IN NET ASSETS
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	E	xpenses	Оре	erating Grants	Gove	rnmental Activites
Governmental Activities: Public Assistance Interest on Long Term Debt	\$	94,069,051 786,691	\$	67,944,269 -	\$	(26,124,782) (786,691)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	94,855,742	\$	67,944,269		(26,911,473)
		RAL REVENUES Revenues - Cons		Member Counties		21,102,891
	Total (General Revenue	S			21,102,891
	-	ge in Net Assets ssets, Beginning				(5,808,582) 98,269,709
	Net As	ssets, Ending			\$	92,461,127

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV (A Joint Powers Authority) Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund General Fund June 30, 2012

ASSETS		
Cash in County of San Bernardino Treasurer's Pool	\$	1,690,020
Due From Other Governments		
State of California		5,894,981
Member Counties		3,613,453
Prepaid Items	<u>_</u>	36,001
Total Assets	\$	11,234,455
LIABILITIES and FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payables	\$	7,122,826
Due To Other Governments		
State of California		2,778,356
County of San Bernardino		17,743
Member Counties		998,655
Matured Leases Payable		215,066
Matured Interest Payable		65,808
Unearned Revenue		36,001
Total Liabilities		11,234,455
Fund Balance		
Unassigned		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	11,234,455
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets	_\$	11,234,455
	<u>\$</u>	11,234,455
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		11,234,455
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>11,234,455</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		11,234,455
 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Long-term assets includes amounts due from member counties that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are 		-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:Fund Balance - Governmental FundLong-term assets includes amounts due from member counties that are		<u>11,234,455</u> - 264,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:Fund Balance - Governmental FundLong-term assets includes amounts due from member counties that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		-
 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Long-term assets includes amounts due from member counties that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, used in 		-
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 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Long-term assets includes amounts due from member counties that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities including capital leases and advances due the State of 		- 264,862
 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Long-term assets includes amounts due from member counties that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities including capital leases and advances due the State of California are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 	\$	- 264,862 99,444,126 (7,247,861)
 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Long-term assets includes amounts due from member counties that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities including capital leases and advances due the State of California are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, 		- 264,862 99,444,126

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IN (A Joint Powers Authority) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES		
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	40,058,348
Intergovernmental - State and Local Grants		48,988,812
Total Revenues		89,047,160
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Public Assistance		78,660,060
Debt Service:		. ,
Principal		2,748,704
Interest		786,691
Capital Outlay		8,754,992
Total Expenditures		90,950,447
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(1,903,287)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Capital Lease Agreements		1,903,287
Change in Fund Balance		-
FUND BALANCE		
Fund Balance, Beginning		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
are different because.		
Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$	-
	Ŧ	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. This is the		
amount by which depreciation, amortization and loss on disposal of capital assets		(6,652,000)
exceeds capital outlay, resulting in a negative number.		(6,653,999)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources		
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources		
of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.		845,417
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(5,808,582)
		(-,,)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Reporting Entity

The California Statewide Automated Welfare System Consortium IV (Authority) was formed in 1998 under California Government Code Section 6500 et seg. The Authority originally included the counties of San Bernardino, Riverside, Merced and Stanislaus; however, on January 5, 2007, a new joint exercise of powers agreement was approved by the Authority adding thirtyfive counties to the original four. The counties have been divided into seven regions and one representative from each region is selected to serve on the board establishing a seven member governing board. The governing board consists of a Chairperson, a Vice Chairperson, a 2nd Vice Chairperson and four members who are charged with the responsibility of governing and administering the Authority. The Authority was created for the purpose of the design, development, implementation, and on-going operation and maintenance of an automated welfare system to be used by each of the four original counties. The primary objective of the migration project is to provide the Interim Statewide Automated Welfare System (ISAWS) counties and the customers with a viable solution to meet their long term automation needs. The accounting policies of the Authority conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments and to general practice within California Joint Powers Authorities.

Management determines the accounting principles to be used in the preparation of the financial statements. A description of the significant accounting policies employed in the preparation of these financial statements follows.

(b) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Authority. *Governmental activities* are supported by operating grants and member contribution revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues include* grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented instead as general revenues. Net assets are comprised of capital assets net of related debt.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Fund Financial Statement Descriptions

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for all major governmental funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance and changes in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net assets and changes in net assets presented on the government-wide financial statements. The Authority has only one major fund.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period. The Authority considers items available if received within 9 months of year end, for voluntary non-exchange transactions such as federal and state grants. All other revenues are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period, and are recognized as revenue.

Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, expenditures related to long-term debt are recorded only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Authority reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Authority.

(d) Cash in County of San Bernardino's Treasurer Pool

Pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, the Treasurer of the County of San Bernardino (County) has custody of all cash for the Authority. The Authority's share of the pooled cash account is separately accounted for in its own operating fund, net of related expenses. Cash is carried at cost, which is the value at the time of deposit.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

(e) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include computers, software, and computer hardware, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for hardware and \$40,000 for software and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or developed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated and amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Computers	2 to 5 years
Servers	3 to 7 years
Software	3 years
Internally Developed Software	10 years

(f) Fund Balance Classification

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- 1. Nonspendable amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using the highest level of decision-making authority (the board of directors); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- 4. Assigned amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body, or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- 5. Unassigned amounts that are for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in a general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources; committed, assigned and unassigned, as they are needed. The Authority designates committed fund balance through board resolution, which is the highest form of decision-making authority.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

(g) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid expenses in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements. \$17,645 of the prepaid expense balance is for insurance and the other \$18,356 is for a lease payment.

(h) Receivables

\$5,894,981 and \$3,613,453 of the due from other governments balance on the fund financial statements are monies owed from the State of California and member counties, respectively, to settle the current liabilities of the Authority. \$5,894,981 and \$3,878,315 of the due from other governments balance on the Statement of Net Assets are monies owed from the State of California and member counties, respectively, to settle the current liabilities of the Authority. The amount due from the State of California includes both Federal pass-through and State portions of grant revenue.

(i) Matured Leases and Interest Payable

The matured leases payable balance of \$215,066 and the matured interest payable balance of \$65,808 reflect the leases and corresponding interest due as of June 30, 2012. These accounts represent liabilities that have reached their maturity dates.

(j) Unearned Revenue

The unearned revenue balance of \$36,001 reflects amounts received by the Authority from member counties to pay for expenditures of future periods. \$17,645 is for an insurance payment and \$18,356 is to prepay a lease obligation.

(k) Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 57

During fiscal year 2012, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 57, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans.* This statement had no impact to the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 64

During fiscal year 2012, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 64, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions.* This statement had no impact to the financial statements.

(I) Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As discussed in Note 1 (d), the Authority's cash and investments are held in the San Bernardino County Treasurer's pool. At June 30, 2012, the Authority's cash and investments held in the County Treasurer's pool totaled \$1,690,020.

Additional information regarding the Pool, including the investment portfolio and related interest rate, custodial credit, investment credit and concentration of credit risks, is presented in Note 6 of the San Bernardino County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Statements (CAFR). Information regarding the CAFR can be found at <u>http://www.sbcounty.gov/atc/</u> or 222 W. Hospitality Lane, 4th Floor, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018.

NOTE - 3 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different from those reported for governmental funds in the balance sheet. The following provides a reconciliation of those differences:

	Total Governmental Funds (Page 5)	Long-Term Assets and Liabilities (1)	Statement of Net Assets Total (Page 3)
ASSETS	(^	* 1 000 000
Cash in County of San Bernardino Treasurer's Pool	\$ 1,690,020	\$-	\$ 1,690,020
Due From Other Governments State of California	E 004 004		E 004 004
Member Counties	5,894,981	-	5,894,981
	3,613,453	264,862	3,878,315
Prepaid Items	36,001	-	36,001
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		00 444 126	00 444 126
Amonization	-	99,444,126	99,444,126
Total Assets	\$ 11,234,455	\$ 99,708,988	\$ 110,943,443
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payables	\$ 7,122,826	\$-	\$ 7,122,826
Due To Other Governments			
State of California	2,778,356	-	2,778,356
County of San Bernardino	17,743	-	17,743
Member Counties	998,655	-	998,655
Matured Leases Payable	215,066	-	215,066
Matured Interest Payable	65,808	-	65,808
Unearned Revenue	36,001	-	36,001
Non-Current Liabilities			
Due Within One Year			
Capital Leases	-	2,939,203	2,939,203
Due In More Than One Year			
Capital Leases	-	4,043,796	4,043,796
Due to the State of California	-	264,862	264,862
Total Liabilities	11,234,455	7,247,861	18,482,316
Total Fund Balance/Net Assets	\$-	\$ 92,461,127	\$ 92,461,127

NOTE - 3 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, (CONTINUED)

(1) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Computer Hardware Computer Hardware Acquired Through Capital Leases Software Internally Developed Software Internally Developed Software In Progress Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 3,306,921 21,234,991 13,406,157 201,057,077 4,788,761 (144,349,781)	\$ 99,444,126
(1) Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Receivables - Member Counties		264,862
(1) Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		
Payables State of California Capital Leases Obligations	(264,862) (6,982,999)	 (7,247,861)
Total Net Assets		\$ 92,461,127

(1) GASB 34 Conversion Entries

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets during the year:

	Beginning Balance				_	Additions	Deletions		Ending Balance	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:										
Internally Developed Software in Progress	\$	2,292,092	\$	2,788,287	\$	(291,618)	\$	4,788,761		
Total Assets, Not Being Depreciated		2,292,092		2,788,287		(291,618)		4,788,761		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized										
Computer Hardware		3,206,476		111,854		(11,409)		3,306,921		
Computer Hardware Acquired Through Capital Leases		21,561,507		1,903,287		(2,229,803)		21,234,991		
Software		13,406,157		-		-		13,406,157		
Internally Developed Software		196,813,895		4,243,182		-		201,057,077		
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized		234,988,035		6,258,323		(2,241,212)		239,005,146		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization										
Computer Hardware		1,222,907		556,052		(11,272)		1,767,687		
Computer Hardware under Capital Leases		14,462,435		2,691,354		(2,222,850)		14,930,939		
Software		11,812,474		1,579,632		-		13,392,106		
Internally Developed Software		103,684,186		10,574,863		-		114,259,049		
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		131,182,002		15,401,901		(2,234,122)		144,349,781		
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net		103,806,033		(9,143,578)		(7,090)		94,655,365		
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	106,098,125	\$	(6,355,291)	\$	(298,708)	\$	99,444,126		

Depreciation/Amortization expense amounted to \$15,401,901 for the year ended June 30, 2012, and is reflected in the Statement of Activities in the Public Assistance Function.

NOTE 5 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Capital lease obligations

The Authority has entered into capital lease obligations for computer hardware, included under capital assets with an original cost of \$21,234,991. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases as of June 30, 2012:

Year ended June 30,

2013 2014 2015	\$ 3,554,969 2,716,932 1,016,116
2016 2017	 569,223 274,228
Total minimum obligations Less amounts representing interest	 8,131,468 (1,148,469)
Present value of minimum obligations	\$ 6,982,999

Depreciation expense of leased equipment on the statement of activities amounted to \$2,691,354 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Due to State of California

The consortium migration counties collectively are required to contribute 5% of the application development costs of the Statewide Automated Welfare System. The State of California has been fully funding these application development costs and upon implementation of the system, each migration county will be required to repay the State for their 5% share. The determination of each migration county's share is proportionate to the county's individual caseload compared to total consortium caseload upon execution of the original contract for application development. The 5% share is due to the State June 30, 2014.

NOTE 5 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES, (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the changes in non-current liabilities during the year:

	Capital Lease Due to			Due to	
	Obligations		<u>State</u>	of California	<u>Total</u>
Balance at July 1, 2011	\$	7,828,416	\$	264,862	\$ 8,093,278
Additions		1,903,287		-	1,903,287
Reductions		(2,748,704)		-	 (2,748,704)
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$	6,982,999	\$	264,862	\$ 7,247,861
Due within one year	\$	2,939,203	\$	-	\$ 2,939,203
Due in more than one year		4,043,796		264,862	 4,308,658
Total	\$	6,982,999	\$	264,862	\$ 7,247,861

NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were nine San Bernardino County employees (Contractors) working on behalf of the Authority. These contractors are under the administrative supervision of the San Bernardino County Assistant County Administrator (ACA) for Human Services System. However, for daily operational purposes, these contractors report to and receive their annual performance reviews by the Authority's Chairman. As of June 30, 2012, the positions of San Bernardino County ACA and Authority Chairman were held by two individuals.

The County of San Bernardino (a member agency) provides controllership and legal counsel to the Authority which includes accounting services and legal services on a cost reimbursement basis. Total amounts paid and due the County for accounting services amount to \$166,430 and \$11,045 respectively as of June 30, 2012. Total amounts paid and due the County for legal services amount to \$5,796 and \$6,698 respectively as of June 30, 2012.

NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The Authority recognizes as revenue grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred. Although the Authority's grant programs are being audited through June 30, 2012 in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits and resolution of previously identified questioned costs. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority expects no such amounts.

The Authority contracts with a prime development contractor, a prime implementation contractor and a quality assurance contractor for the majority of its expenditures related to maintenance and operations and the development and implementation of the C-IV welfare automated integrated system for the 4 original counties and the 35 Migration counties. The Authority disburses funds to the contractors based upon fixed price deliverables, monthly expenditures, performance reports, equipment, software, facilities and network charges received from the contractors. Payments for services and retentions under the contracts are contingent upon approval and acceptance by the Authority and appropriate state and federal agencies.

In addition, payments under the contracts are contingent upon the availability of county, state, and federal funding. If funding to make payments under the terms of the contract is not forthcoming from the state legislature or the federal government for the project, or is not allocated to the Authority by the State Department of Finance for payment in the current or any future fiscal period, then the obligations of the Authority to make payments after the effective date of such non-allocation or non-funding will cease and terminate in accordance with contract termination terms and conditions.

The total future commitment under existing contracts is approximately \$106,000,000.

LEADER Replacement System (LRS)

On July 29, 2011, the State of California ("State") issued a letter to federal agencies which outlined and requested approval for its strategy to consolidate the State's eligibility systems, which was approved on April 5, 2012. Subsequently, the State Legislature enacted Chapter 13 of 2011-2012 Assembly Bill No. 16, Blumenfield, which will decrease the number of SAWS systems to two. Additionally, this legislation specifies that the reduction will occur by migrating, or moving, the 39 C-IV counties into a system jointly designed with Los Angeles County under the LEADER Replacement System ("LRS") contract. A Memorandum of Understanding that provides the basis for a cooperative collaboration between the two consortia was approved by the Los Angeles County Welfare Director and subsequently approved by the C-IV Joint Powers Authority (JPA) Board of Directors on December 8, 2011 (See Note 8).

NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

LEADER Replacement System (LRS)

In January 2013, C-IV began participating in the joint design of the LEADER Replacement System with Los Angeles County. In accordance with the memorandum of understanding, a migration strategy will be developed to implement the new system in the C-IV counties and a new governance model will be established to form a new consortium that will replace the LEADER and C-IV Consortia. The migration is estimated to be complete by June 30, 2018.

NOTE 9 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB 60 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements

The GASB issued Statement No. 60, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements*. This Statement addresses how to account for and report service concession arrangements (SCAs), a type of public-private or public-public partnership that state and local governments are increasingly entering into. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB 61 - The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus

The GASB issued Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. This Statement is designed to improve financial reporting for governmental entities by amending the requirements of Statements No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, to better meet user needs and address reporting entity issues that have come to light since those Statements were issued in 1991 and 1999, respectively. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB 62 - Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* This Statement is intended to enhance the usefulness of its Codification by incorporating guidance that previously could only be found in certain Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) pronouncements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 9 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, (CONTINUED)

GASB 63 - Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

The GASB issued Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which establish guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB 65 – Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65 – *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.* This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term *deferred* in financial statement presentations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB 66 – Technical Corrections – 2012 (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 10 and No. 62)

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 66 – *Technical Corrections* – 2012 - an *Amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to resolve conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions,* and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 9 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, (CONTINUED)

GASB 67 – Financial Reporting for Pension Plans (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25)

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 67 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pensions for governments whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are covered by the scope of this Statement, as well as for nonemployer governments that have a legal obligation to contribute to those plans. This Statement and Statement No. 68 establish a definition of a pension plan that reflects the primary activities associated with the pension arrangement – determining pensions, accumulating and managing assets dedicated for pensions, and paying benefits to plan members as they come due. The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for the activities of pension plans that are administered through trusts. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. This statement will have no impact to the financial statements.

GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27)

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. This statement will have no impact to the financial statements.

GASB 69 – Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations

In January 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 69 – *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term *government combinations* includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. This Statement requires disclosures to be made about governmental combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV (A Joint Powers Authority) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (Budgetary Basis) - Unaudited For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

D	Bud	lget Amounts <u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fina F	ance with I Budget - Positive egative)
Revenues Intergovemmental	\$	89,149,068	\$ 89,149,068	\$ 89,149,068	\$	-
Expenditures						
Service and supplies		78,409,658	78,409,658	78,409,658		-
Capital outlay		6,994,747	6,994,747	6,994,747		-
Debt service, principal and interest		3,528,243	3,528,243	3,528,243		-
Reserves		216,420	 216,420	 -		216,420
		89,149,068	 89,149,068	 88,932,648		216,420
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 216,420	\$	216,420

Cash Basis/GAAP Reconciliation

The budget as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual is reported using the budgetary basis method of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This method does not recognize receivables, payables, capital lease payments as a reduction of debt service and interest expense, or the capitalization of certain cost related to software development. The budget includes State approved activities for SAWS, member county purchases, administrative costs, and various grant related activities. A reconciliation of Actual on a budgetary basis to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance is shown as follows:

	Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Actual (GAAP Basis)		<u>Change</u>
Intergovernmental revenues Conversion from cash basis to accrual basis	\$	89,149,068	\$	89,047,160	\$ (101,908)
Service and supplies					
Conversion from cash basis to accrual basis and reclassification to capital expenditures and debt					
service		(78,409,658)		(78,660,060)	(250,402)
Capital outlay		(6,994,747)		(8,754,992)	(1,760,245)
Debt service		<i>/-</i>		<i>/</i>	<i></i>
Principal Interest		(2,734,940) (793,303)		(2,748,704) (786,691)	(13,764) 6,612
Interest		(793,303)		(780,091)	0,012
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Captial Lease Agreements		-		1,903,287	 1,903,287
Net change budget basis to GAAP basis	\$	216,420	\$	-	\$ (216,420)

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV (A JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund (Budgetary Basis) - Unaudited For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget must be adopted in accordance with section 2.09 of the Authority's Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement. The Authority's Governing Board satisfied this requirement. The fiscal year 2012 budget was approved by the Authority's Governing Board and is reported using the budgetary basis method of accounting.

Budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for the budgeted fund. The Authority employs budget control by major object code to ensure expenditures do not exceed appropriations.



CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AUTOMATED WELFARE SYSTEM CONSORTIUM IV

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